

Immigration in Europe

Reasons for immigration, direction of
migratory flows, crisis, consequences....



Introduction

Immigration is the act of coming to live and work in a foreign country, usually permanently or for a long period of time. The global migration system is intensifying and diversifying.



- Causes: wars, inequalities, underdevelopment
- Consequences: work, education, good living conditions (especially in Europe)
- Development of migration system in host countries
- Legal and illegal immigration
- Social, economic, political and security problems
- Several advantages for both host and home countries

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- Security
- Economy
- Conflicts
- Overpopulation

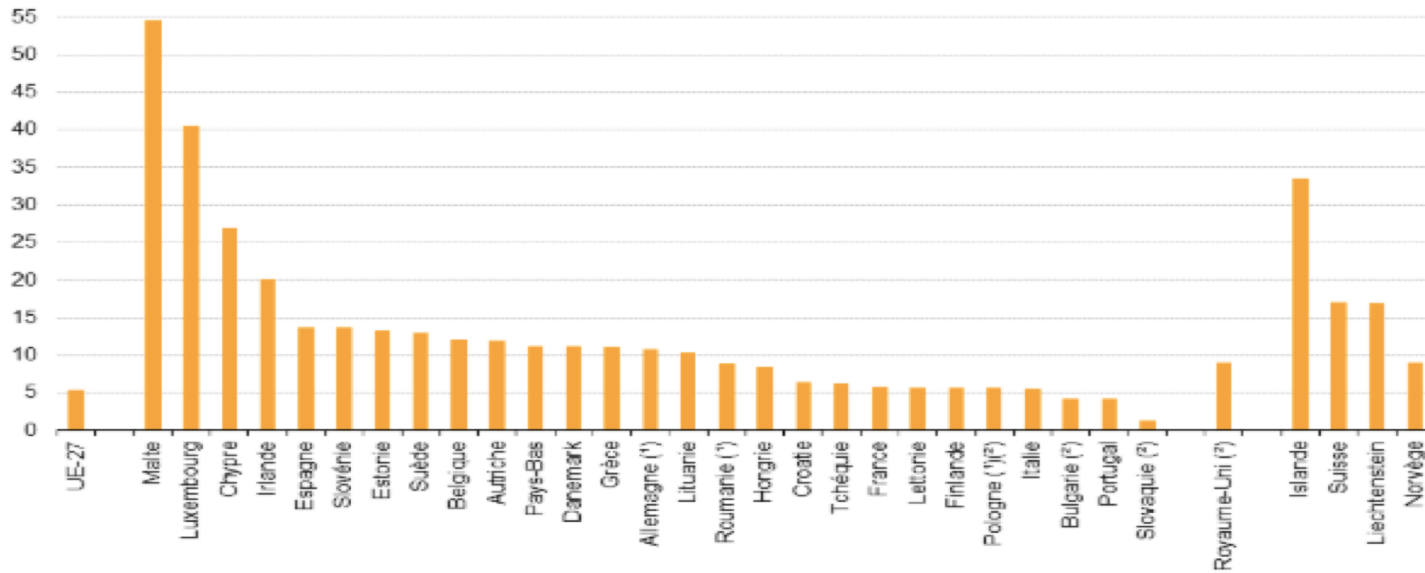
Our proposals for change and improvement

- Immigration controls
- Better integration
- Improve visa policy
- Promoting the common migration policy

I. Current immigration situation in Europe

STATISTICS

Immigrants, 2018
(par 1 000 habitants)



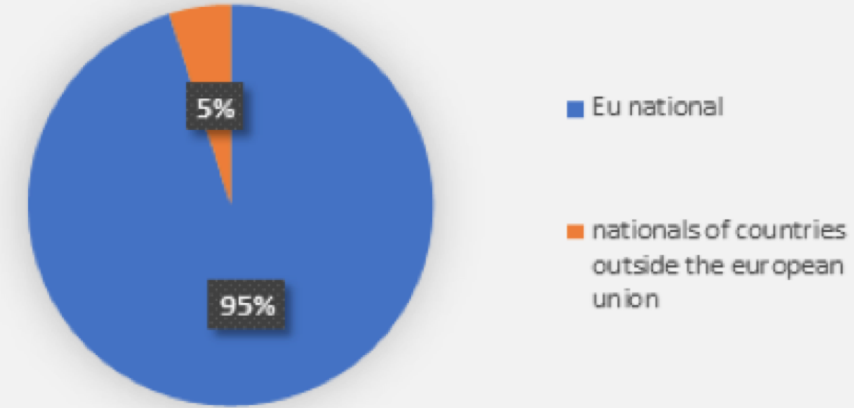
(*) Estimation.

(**) Données provisoires.

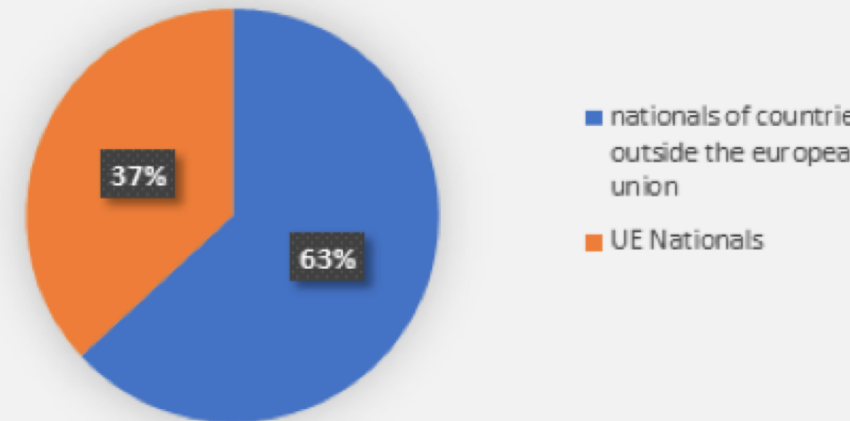
Source: Eurostat (codes des données en ligne: migr_imm1ctz et migr_pop1ctz)

eurostat

EU Population



Immigration in EU



LEGAL AND ILLEGAL IMMIGRATION



Legal: Enter foreign territory and possess all required documents in compliance with applicable regulations.

Illegal: non-compliance with current regulations, it is less costly but more dangerous.

REASONS FOR MIGRATION TO EUROPE



Economic reasons : developed and industrialized countries in the North

Humanitarian reasons : for political reasons, security, education, public services

Climatic reasons : run away floods, storms, earthquake forces because of the global warming

LAWS, RIGHTS & PROHIBITION



- The **Collomb law**
- The **European pact on immigration and asylum**
- The **Dublin agreement**

POSITIVE CONSEQUENCES

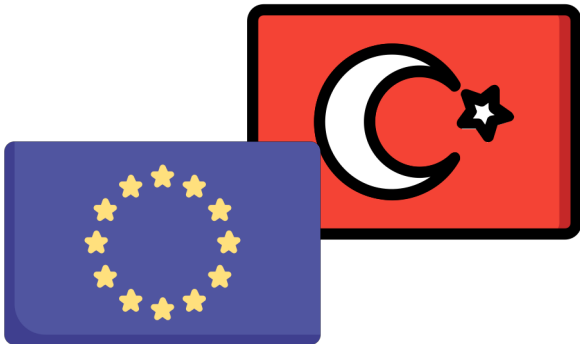


Economy : migrants may be expensive for a state at first but will contribute to the country's expenses in the long run. They are also developing the employment sector.

Social: Enables the de-versification of the population and the change of the xenophobic aspect of some

Demographic : they allow the rejuvenation of an older population

THE EUROPEAN UNION AND TURKEY IN 2016



Agreement which aims to **regulate immigration** and **facilitate obtaining a VISA**.

Agreement that allows to **release funds**.

Picture of migrant camps



II. The potential future dangers of the phenomenon

SECURITY

- **Rejected / Persecuted** in the host country.



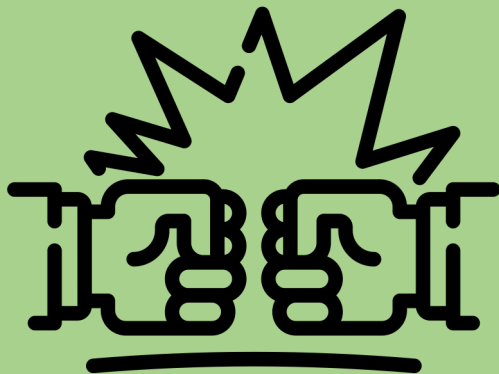
ECONOMY

- **Lower wages**
- **Decreasing jobs**



CONFLICTS

- **Religion, ethnic, or political origin**



OVERPOPULATION

- **Sustainable development consequences**



III. Our proposals for change and improvement

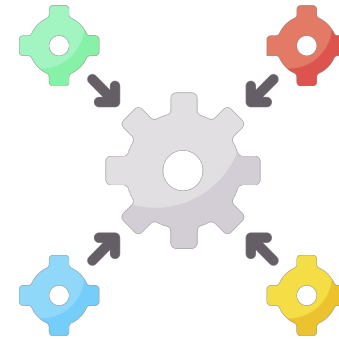
Immigration controls

- Necessary migrations
- Avoid overpopulations



Better integration

- Language barriers
- Offer more training
- 5 factors: perception, community engagement, political reform, planning and leadership.



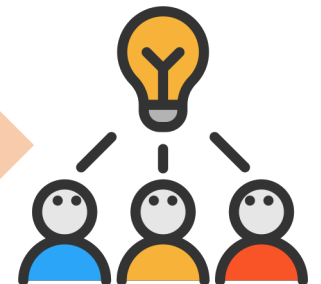
Improve visa policy

- The visa policy could be simpler to encourage migrants to come and work in France



Promoting the common migration policy

- Better management of migration flows
- More holistic approach
- Better management of migration flows



Conclusion

- **Current situation**
- **Dangers**
- **Recommendations**



WEBLIOGRAPHY

Statistiques :

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- « Dictionnaire de criminologie en ligne | criminologie.com ». Consulté le 28 octobre 2020. <http://criminologie.com/categorie/articles-mots-cl%C3%A9s/immigration-ill%C3%A9gale%20%20%20https://hal-sciencespo.archives-ouvertes.fr/hal.>
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Our proposals for change and improvement

- « Voici comment améliorer l'intégration des migrants dans nos villes | Forum Économique Mondial ». Consulté le 28 octobre 2020.
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