

Contemporary European Politics

2019 Mid Term Test Revision

Position the 28 EU members on a map of Europe (see the quiz from lesson 1)

What is a PCC ?

Give an example

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- A country with a clear chance of joining the EU in the future. Status approved by the European Commission

Give an example

- Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo

- What is a Candidate Country?
- Give an example

- What is a Candidate Country?
- A PCC that has changed status by the European Commission since it has made significant progress in applying the Copenhagen Criteria.
- Give an example
- Albania, Republic of North Macedonia, Montenegro, Serbia and Turkey

- What is the Neighbourhood Programme ?
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- Give an example

- What is the Neighbourhood Programme ?
- A bilateral agreement with a geographic neighbour
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- Give an example
- Algeria, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Egypt, Georgia, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Moldova, Morocco, Palestine, Syria, Tunisia, Ukraine

- What is the EEA (European Economic Area) ?
- Give examples of a non-EU EEA member

- What is the EEA (European Economic Area)?
- Countries belonging to the EU Single Market (all EU members plus some external countries)
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- Give examples of a non-EU EEA member
- Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway

- What is the Schengen Area?
- Give examples of EU non Schengen members and non-EU Schengen members

- What is the Schengen Area?
- Countries agreeing to the free movement of goods, services, capital and people
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- Give examples of EU non Schengen members (Ireland, UK) and non-EU Schengen members (Iceland, Norway, Liechtenstein and Switzerland)

- What are the Copenhagen Criteria?

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- Geographic criteria
- Political criteria
 - Democracy
 - Rule of Law
 - Human rights
 - Respect for and protection of Minorities
- Economic criteria
- Legislative alignment (ability to apply EU law)